

[Roll No. 859]

## YEAS—333

Abercrombie Engel  
Ackerman English (PA)  
Aderholt Eshoo  
Alexander Etheridge  
Allen Everett  
Altmire Fallin  
Arcuri Farr  
Baca Fattah  
Bachmann Ferguson  
Baird Filner  
Baldwin Forbes  
Barrow Fortenberry  
Bartlett (MD) Frank (MA)  
Bean Frelinghuysen  
Becerra Gallegly  
Berkley Gerlach  
Berman Giffords  
Berry Gilchrest  
Biggart Gillibrand  
Bilbray Gingrey  
Bilirakis Gonzalez  
Bishop (GA) Gordon  
Bishop (NY) Graves  
Bishop (UT) Green, Al  
Blumenauer Green, Gene  
Blunt Grijalva  
Bonner Gutierrez  
Bono Hall (NY)  
Boozman Hare  
Boren Harman  
Boswell Hastings (WA)  
Boucher Hayes  
Boustany Herseth Sandlin  
Boyd (FL) Higgins  
Boyd (KS) Hill  
Brady (PA) Hinchey  
Brady (TX) Hinojosa  
Braley (IA) Hirono  
Brown, Corrine Hobson  
Buchanan Hodes  
Butterfield Holden  
Calvert Holt  
Camp (MI) Honda  
Capito Hoyer  
Capps Hunter  
Capuano Inslee  
Cardoza Israel  
Carney Issa  
Carson Jackson (IL)  
Castle Jackson-Lee  
Castor (TX)  
Chabot Jefferson  
Chandler Johnson (GA)  
Clarke Johnson (IL)  
Clay Johnson, E. B.  
Cleaver Jones (NC)  
Clyburn Jones (OH)  
Cohen Kagen  
Cole (OK) Kanjorski  
Conyers Kaptur  
Cooper Keller  
Costa Kennedy  
Costello Kildee  
Courtney Kilpatrick  
Cramer Kind  
Crenshaw King (NY)  
Crowley Kirk  
Cubin Klein (FL)  
Cuellar Kline (MN)  
Cummings Knollenberg  
Davis (AL) Kuhl (NY)  
Davis (CA) LaHood  
Davis (IL) Lampson  
Davis (KY) Langevin  
Davis, Tom Lantos  
Deal (GA) Larsen (WA)  
DeFazio Larson (CT)  
DeGette Latham  
Delahunt LaTourette  
DeLauro Lee  
Dent Levin  
Diaz-Balart, L. Lewis (CA)  
Diaz-Balart, M. Lewis (GA)  
Dicks Lewis (KY)  
Dingell Lipinski  
Doggett LoBiondo  
Donnelly Loebach  
Doolittle Lofgren, Zoe  
Doyle Lowey  
Dreier Lucas  
Edwards Lungren, Daniel  
Ehlers E.  
Ellison Lynch  
Ellsworth Mahoney (FL)  
Emanuel Maloney (NY)  
Emerson Markey

Marshall  
Matheson  
Matsui  
McCarthy (CA)  
McCaul (TX)  
McCollum (MN)  
McCotter  
McCrery  
McDermott  
McGovern  
McHugh  
McIntyre  
McKeon  
McMorris  
Rodgers  
McNerney  
McNulty  
Meek (FL)  
Meeks (NY)  
Melancon  
Michaud  
Miller (MI)  
Miller (NC)  
Miller, Gary  
Miller, George  
Mitchell  
Mollohan  
Moore (KS)  
Moore (WI)  
Moran (KS)  
Moran (VA)  
Murphy (CT)  
Murphy, Patrick  
Murphy, Tim  
Murtha  
Nadler  
Napolitano  
Neal (MA)  
Oberstar  
Obey  
Oliver  
Ortiz  
Pallone  
Pascarell  
Pastor  
Payne  
Pearce  
Perlmutter  
Peterson (MN)  
Peterson (PA)  
Petri  
Pickering  
Platts  
Pomeroy  
Porter  
Price (NC)  
Pryce (OH)  
Radanovich  
Rahall  
Ramstad  
Rangel  
Regula  
Rehberg  
Reichert  
Renzi  
Reyes  
Reynolds  
Richardson  
Rodriguez  
Rogers (AL)  
Rogers (KY)  
Rogers (MI)  
Ross  
Rothman  
Roybal-Allard  
Ruppersberger  
Rush  
Ryan (OH)  
Ryan (WI)  
Salazar  
Sanchez, Linda  
T.  
Sarbanes  
Saxton  
Schakowsky  
Schiff  
Schwartz  
Scott (GA)  
Scott (VA)  
Serrano  
Sestak  
Shadegg  
Shays  
Shea-Porter  
Sherman  
Shuler

Simpson  
Sires  
Skelton  
Slaughter  
Smith (NJ)  
Smith (TX)  
Smith (WA)  
Snyder  
Solis  
Souder  
Space  
Spratt  
Stark  
Stupak  
Sutton  
Tanner  
Tauscher

Taylor  
Thompson (CA)  
Thompson (MS)  
Tiahrt  
Tierney  
Towns  
Turner  
Udall (CO)  
Udall (NM)  
Upton  
Van Hollen  
Velázquez  
Walden (OR)  
Walsh (NY)  
Walz (MN)  
Wamp

Wasserman  
Schultz  
Waters  
Watt  
Waxman  
Weiner  
Welch (VT)  
Wexler  
Whitfield  
Wicker  
Wilson (NM)  
Wilson (OH)  
Wolf  
Woolsey  
Wu  
Wynn  
Yarmuth

## NAYS—75

Akin  
Bachus  
Baker  
Barrett (SC)  
Barton (TX)  
Blackburn  
Boehner  
Broun (GA)  
Brown (SC)  
Brown-Waite,  
Ginny  
Burgess  
Burton (IN)  
Buyer  
Campbell (CA)  
Cannon  
Cantor  
Coble  
Conaway  
Culberson  
Davis, David  
Drake  
Duncan  
Feeney  
Flake  
Fossella

## NOT VOTING—24

Andrews  
Carnahan  
Carter  
Davis, Jo Ann  
Davis, Lincoln  
Gohmert  
Hastert  
Hastings (FL)

Hooley  
Jindal  
Johnson, Sam  
Kucinich  
McCarthy (NY)  
Ros-Lehtinen  
Royce  
Sanchez, Loretta

Neugebauer  
Nunes  
Paul  
Pence  
Pitts  
Poe  
Price (GA)  
Putnam  
Rohrabacher  
Roskam  
Sali  
Schmidt  
Sensenbrenner  
Sessions  
Shuster  
Smith (NE)  
Stearns  
Sullivan  
Thornberry  
Tiberi  
Walberg  
Weldon (FL)  
Westmoreland  
Wilson (SC)

□ 1400

Mr. BRADY of Texas changed his vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

## PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Ms. LORETTA SANCHEZ of California. Mr. Speaker, on Thursday, September 6, 2007, I was unavoidably detained due to a prior obligation.

I request that the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD reflect that had I been present and voting, I would have voted as follows:

Rollcall No. 854: “Yea”. On approving the journal.

Rollcall No. 855: “Yea”. On agreeing to the resolution.

Rollcall No. 856: “No”. On agreeing to the amendment.

Rollcall No. 857: “No”. On agreeing to the amendment.

Rollcall No. 858: “No”. On agreeing to the amendment.

Rollcall No. 859: “Aye”. On passage of H.R. 2786.

## PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. CARTER. Mr. Speaker, on September 6, 2007, I was unable to be present for all rollcall votes due to a family medical emergency.

If present, I would have voted accordingly on the following rollcall votes:

Roll No. 854—“nay”; Roll No. 855—“nay”; Roll No. 856—“aye”; Roll No. 857—“aye”; Roll No. 858—“aye”; Roll No. 859—“no”.

# AUTHORIZING THE CLERK TO MAKE CORRECTIONS IN ENGROSSMENT OF H.R. 2786, NATIVE AMERICAN HOUSING ASSISTANCE AND SELF-DETERMINATION REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2007

Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Clerk be authorized to make technical corrections in the engrossment of H.R. 2786, to include corrections in spelling, punctuation, section numbering and cross-referencing, and insertion of appropriate headings.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

## SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 18, 2007, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

## CHINA ACTING MORE LIKE AN ENEMY THAN A FRIEND

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. TIM MURPHY) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. TIM MURPHY of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, what I am about to say may not be politically correct and it may not make folks in the White House or some of my colleagues in Congress happy, but every time I go home to my district, people ask me, when are we going to get serious about dealing with China?

For a long time, China has acted more like an enemy than a friend. Over and over again, they have sold our families harmful and contaminated products, they have spied on us, and now we find out they are shipping weapons to our enemies in the Middle East to kill our soldiers. This is not the behavior of an ally, but the behavior of an enemy.

They hurt our children. We have found toys containing lead paint and bibs and vinyl lunch boxes containing lead. Just this Wednesday, toy manufacturer Mattel announced it is recalling 700,000 Chinese-made toys because they contain excessive amounts of lead paint. This is the third recall of Chinese-made toys by the company in the past month.

On August 1, Mattel's Fisher-Price announced it was recalling 1.5 million

preschool toys, including nearly 1 million in the U.S. And then on August 14, the company announced a worldwide recall of 19 million toys. We all know the dangers caused by lead paint, which is why it is not used in American-made toys or homes. As a child psychologist, I can tell you firsthand exposure to lead paint can lead to attention deficit disorders, brain damage and medical ailments in children and in later life.

China has continuously sent us products that are harmful to our families, and even our pets. Their harmful products sold to Americans include contaminated pet foods, used chop sticks, tires that have caused fatal accidents, diapers containing a fungus, lipstick containing carcinogens, juices with unsafe color additives, baby bottles with ingredients that can alter a child's hormones, pacifiers containing chemicals linked to cancer, and teething rings with toxic chemicals.

In addition, China has systematically manipulated its currency to create an unfair trade advantage over the United States and other global competitors. They have repeatedly allowed their workers to counterfeit American products and steal our patents, costing us billions of dollars of trade each year, thus destroying American manufacturing jobs.

They have built power plants with cheaper outdated technology, causing excessive pollution and environmental hazards throughout the world, including the United States, and they have stolen national secrets from our U.S. energy labs.

Congress and the White House have allowed China to continue its blatant disregard for our country; and as a result, China has become more and more emboldened. They have now begun to directly and indirectly attack our military, actions that have taken the lives of American soldiers.

Beijing appears to be the culprit of a cyberattack launched against the Pentagon this past June. While this attack was not with missiles or guns, it is nonetheless an attack on our sovereignty that should not be unchecked.

Now we learn that China is supplying our enemies with weapons and ammunition being used to kill our soldiers. These weapons have included large-caliber sniper rifles; rocket-propelled grenades; improvised explosive devices, or IEDs; and shoulder-fired rockets. Millions of rounds of ammunition have also been linked to China. And many of these weapons are finding their way into the hands of the Taliban and insurgents in Iran. As U.S., Iraqi, and coalition forces try to prevent weapons from coming into Iraq, China has been directly aiding and abetting our enemies.

For far too long, China has been harming our children, our families, and our economy. Now they are killing our soldiers.

Well, enough is enough. China must be held accountable. If Congress can't

act, the American people can, and Americans are saying no to China. From our food, to our clothes, to household goods, Americans are saying they will stop buying Chinese products.

Unless China stops its practices that hurt Americans, kill our soldiers and kill our jobs, I believe the American people will continue to stop buying Chinese-made goods. But Congress must also demand that if China does not stop these practices that hurt our soldiers and hurt our citizens, Congress, too, must act, and do so quickly.

#### SUPPORT H.R. 933, THE WITNESS SECURITY AND PROTECTION ACT OF 2007

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. CUMMINGS) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. CUMMINGS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to talk about the deeply troubling issue of terrorism right here in our own backyard. It is a problem that is endangering our children, threatening our families, and plaguing our neighborhoods. I am talking about the brazen acts of violence, fire bombings and shootings that are preventing the good people in our communities from testifying to the crimes that they have witnessed. Who can blame them, when they are sitting targets for those who have no shame?

In cities across America, people are murdered in broad daylight and their killers are walking free because we cannot adequately address the issue of witness intimidation. We have all heard the news reports regarding the "anti-snitching" campaigns that have appeared in so many of our communities, but few of us are aware of what these efforts really mean to the people on the ground. But all around us, evidence of these campaigns' impact is present. Murder rates are at a record-breaking high this summer in my hometown of Baltimore City and indeed in communities across the country where criminals have persistently evaded law enforcement.

In order to combat this problem, I introduced H.R. 933, the Witness Security and Protection Act of 2007. Upon enactment, this legislation authorizes \$90 million per year over the next 3 years to assist State and local law enforcement with witness protection, while fostering Federal, State, and local partnerships.

Priority will be given to prosecuting officers and States with an average of at least 100 murders during the immediate past 5 years. However, smaller entities will also have a chance to receive funding. State and local prosecutors will also be able to use these funds to provide witness protection on their own or to pay the costs of enrolling their witnesses in the short-term State Witness Protection Program to be created within the United States Marshals Service's office.

The U.S. Marshals Service has a wealth of expertise and experience that

will assist State and local entities in developing more comprehensive programs. In over 30 years under the Federal Witness Security Program, not a single witness that followed security procedures has been harmed while being protected by the program. More to the point, cases involving the testimony of these participants have an 89 percent conviction rate. In contrast, State witness protection programs are severely underfunded and enjoy virtually no Federal support.

While there has been tremendous support for this initiative in Congress, the lack of support from the administration has certainly been startling. On April 24, 2007, the House Judiciary Committee held a hearing on the Witness Security and Protection Act. During that time, the Department of Justice official opposed this legislation based on the claim that it does not have the capacity or the will to implement a grant program. DOJ officials argued that running a grant program distracts from its ability to carry out its mission. Since when has inconvenience been an excuse for shortchanging justice in America?

On May 24, 2007, I met with officials from the DOJ and the U.S. Marshals Service to discuss my concerns. I left the meeting feeling optimistic about a compromise. However, this has not been the case. I have even given DOJ staff the opportunity to come up with a counterproposal to achieve the same goal as the Witness Security and Protection Act of 2007, that is, the goal of strengthening State and local witness protection programs without a grant program. Unfortunately, DOJ officials have not been able to come up with a compromise, or even an alternative, to H.R. 933.

In light of DOJ's failure to cooperate, it is extremely disappointing to learn that it has no problem supporting efforts in other countries, while dodging our efforts to set up similar programs in places such as Maryland and Washington.

The U.S. Marshals Service, Mr. Speaker, has been assisting about a dozen countries, including Colombia, Israel, Italy, Brazil and Thailand, with the creation of witness protection programs in response to increasing threats against key figures in foreign prosecutions.

International demand for the program is so great that Interpol, the world's largest law enforcement organization, is hosting a conference this month with the Marshals Service at Interpol's headquarters in France to address the needs of foreign governments. It is so very tragic that we can assist those abroad, but we will not fight terrorism right here in our backyards.

Mr. Speaker, improving protection for State and local witnesses will move us one step closer toward alleviating the fears and threats of prospective witnesses and help to safeguard our communities from violence.